

# **Russia/Belarus sanctions and international partner regulatory frameworks Japan's Export Controls**

**June 2022**

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## **Outline: Challenges and Opportunities**

### **1. Overview (See the following references)**

- Alling with international partners**
- Cooperation and Coordination**
- Public awareness: Exporters/Business**
- Trade Data and Analysis**

### **2. Implementation (On-going)**

- Licensing/Practices/Outreach**

### **3. Opportunities for export controls (Future)**

# Japan's Export and Import measures against Russia (Overview)

- In response to Russia's aggression against Ukraine, Japan, in cooperation with US and EU, is taking Export and Import measures pursuant to the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Act, in order to contribute to global efforts for international peace.

## Export control measure

- (1) To ban exports of the controlled items listed on the multilateral export control regimes to Russia and Belarus [Enforced on 18 March]  
\* Items such as Machine tools, Carbon Fibers, High-performance Semiconductors and their technologies
- (2) To ban exports of dual-use goods which are considered to contribute to Russian military capacity development to Russia and Belarus [Enforced on 18 March]  
\* General Dual-use goods such as semiconductors, computers, telecommunication equipment, and their technologies
- (3) To ban exports to certain military-related entities in Russia and Belarus [Enforced on 18 March, entities added on 1 April and on 17 May]  
\* Russian 201 entities such as Ministry of Defense of Russia or Russian aircraft manufacturer, and Belarusian 2 entities
- (4) To ban exports of advanced goods to Russia [Enforced on 20 May]  
\* Items such as quantum computers, additive manufacturing equipment, and their technologies
- (5) To ban exports of items related to the oil refinery to Russia [Enforced on 18 March, items added on 20 May]
- (6) To ban exports of luxury goods to Russia [Enforced on 5 April]  
\* Items such as luxury cars, jewelry
- (7) To ban exports of items which could contribute to the enhancement of Russian industrial capacities to Russia [Cabinet Decision on 10 June, enforced on 17 June]  
\* Items such as dump trucks or bulldozers

## Import control measure

- (8) To ban imports of certain goods to Russia [Enforced on 19 April]  
\* Alcoholic beverages, woods, electric machinery

## Export and Import control measures

- (9) To ban exports and imports bans with the self-proclaimed "Donetsk People's Republic (DPR)" and "Luhansk People's Republic (LPR)." [Enforced on 26 February (Import) and on 18 March (Export)] 2

## *Japan-U.S. Joint Leaders' Statement - Strengthening the Free and Open International Order - May 23, 2022*

As global partners, Japan and the United States affirm that the rules based international order is indivisible; threats to international law and the free and fair economic order anywhere constitute a challenge to our values and interests everywhere. Prime Minister Kishida and President Biden shared the view that the greatest immediate challenge to this order is Russia's brutal, unprovoked, and unjustified aggression against Ukraine. The two leaders condemned Russia's actions, and called for Russia to be held accountable for its atrocities. They reaffirmed their support for Ukraine's sovereignty and territorial integrity. The Prime Minister and the President underscored the importance of the international community's unity, and expressed solidarity with the Ukrainian people in responding to Russia's aggression through sanctions, including financial sanctions, export controls, and other steps, taken with like-minded countries to impose long-lasting economic costs on Russia.

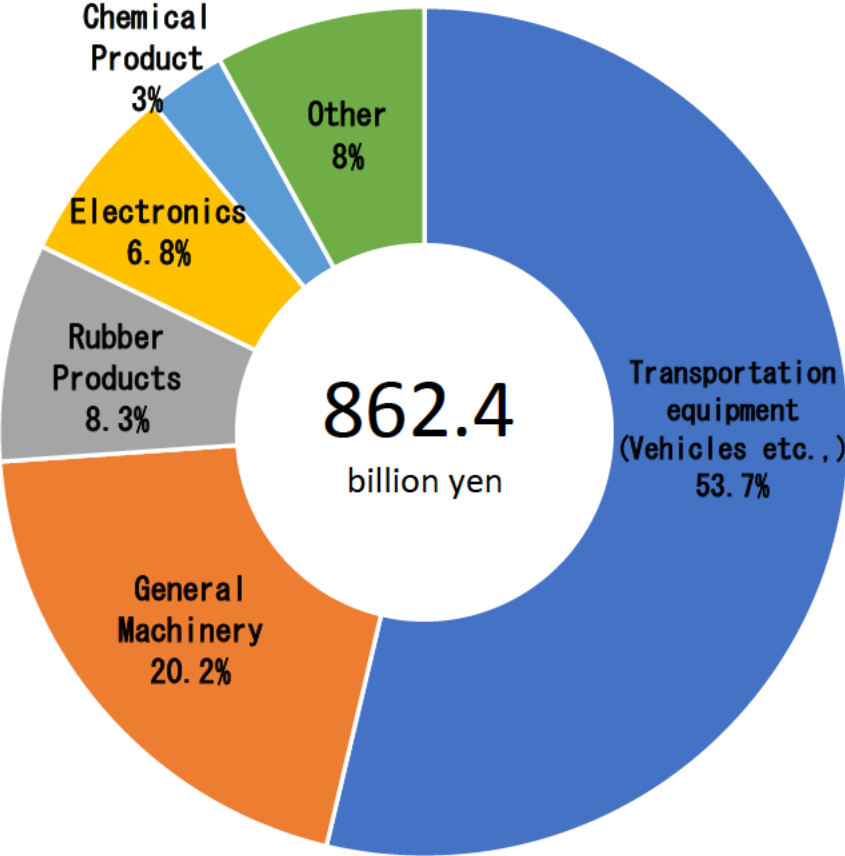
## *G7 Leaders' Statement, Berlin, 8 May 2022*

We continue to work with our international partners and invite them to stand with us and to follow suit with similar actions, including to prevent sanctions evasion, circumvention and backfilling.

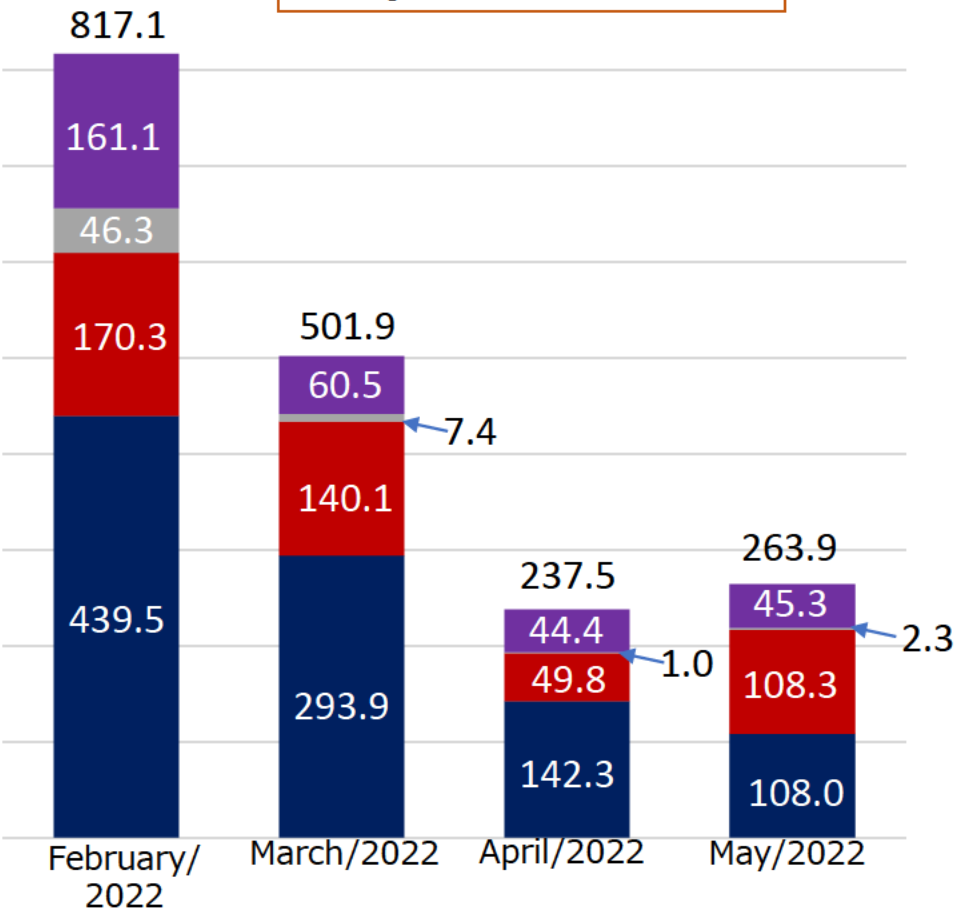
# Ref) Export from Japan to Russia

Unit: 100 million yen

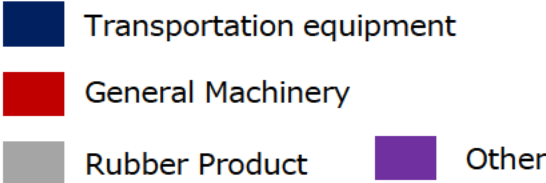
## Export (Japan → Russia)



## Export to Russia



Comparison with the same month of the previous year  
30%up 32%down 69%down 57%down



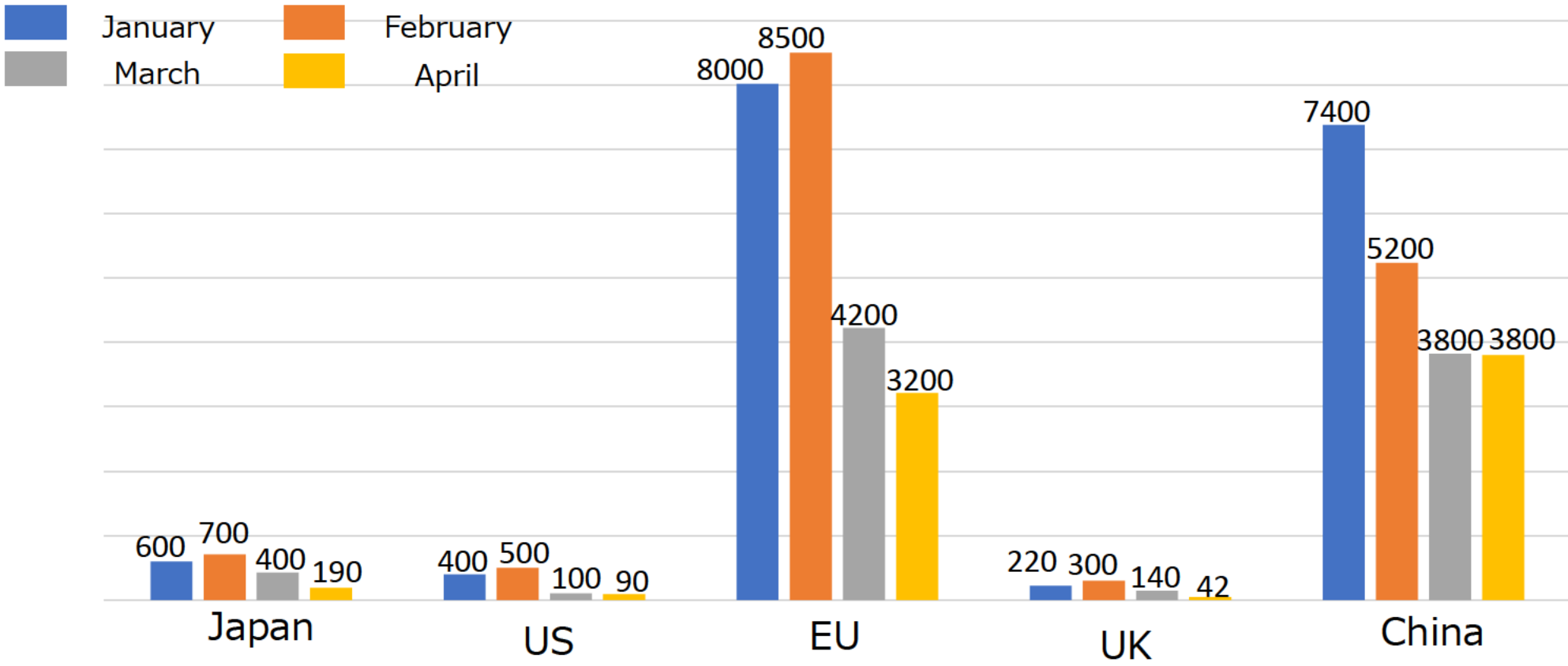
Source:  
Trade  
Statistics of  
Japan 4

# Ref) Exports of major countries to Russia

Unit : 100 million USD

## Export to Russia

Source : Global Trade Atlas



Comparison with the same month of the previous year

Jan	16%up	2%up	17%up	8%up	55%up
Feb	19%up	34%down	7%up	11%up	26%up
Mar	38%down	79%down	56%down	62%down	8%down
Apr	74%down	86%down	64%down	85%down	26%down