

Proscribed Parties and Catch-All Controls

Kevin Kurland, Office of Enforcement Analysis Joe Cristofaro, End User Review Committee



Export Screening Lists

- 1. Denied Persons List
- 2. Entity List
- 3. Unverified List



Public Notification

- Additions to and removals from each list are published in the Federal Register
 - <u>http://www.federalregister.gov/</u>
- All three lists, plus lists from the Departments of State and Treasury are electronically searchable
 - <u>http://www.export.gov/consolidated_screen_ing_list/</u>



Denied Persons List (DPL) – Effect

- Prohibits any listed person from participating in any way in an export transaction
- Prohibits third parties (e.g., freight forwarders, etc.) from facilitating any export transaction by a listed person



DPL - Criteria for Addition

- When a denial order is imposed on a U.S. or foreign person in connection with a criminal conviction or outcome of an administrative enforcement action for a violation of U.S. export controls
- When a temporary denial order is issued to prevent an imminent violation of U.S. export controls



DPL – Expiration

- Generally, denial orders for criminal export control violations are issued for a period of 10 years
- Temporary denial orders are issued for a period of 180 days, but may be renewed



The Entity List – Effect

- Imposes a license requirement on the export, reexport and/or transfer (in-country) of U.S.-origin items to listed entities
 - Items in the U.S.
 - Items made in the U.S.
 - Items made abroad with certain U.S. parts/technology
- Generally, a license is required for <u>all</u> items, even unlisted items
- Generally, license applications to export to listed entities are reviewed with a presumption of denial



The Entity List – Criteria for Addition

- The List includes foreign persons involved in activities contrary to U.S. <u>national security</u> or <u>foreign policy</u> interests, e.g.:
 - Supporting persons engaged in terrorism
 - Supporting the military capability of state sponsors of terrorism
 - Refusal to cooperate with an end-use check
 - Violating U.S. export controls



The Entity List – Addition Process

- Entities added by majority approval of the End-User Review Committee (ERC):
 - Department of Commerce (chair)
 - Department of State
 - Department of Defense
 - Department of Energy
 - Department of the Treasury (as appropriate)
- Any ERC agency may submit a proposal for addition
- Additions should be voted on within 30 days



The Entity List – Removal Process

- Any listed entity may request removal from the Entity List
- The ERC reviews and votes on all requests
 - Unanimous ERC approval required for removal
 - Decisions can be escalated to a higher review level
- Multiple requests for removal may be submitted and should address the reason for addition, as published in the Federal Register



The Entity List: Common Questions

- All rules include BIS contact information
 - -202-482-5991
 - ERC@BIS.DOC.GOV
- BIS receives and responds to inquiries on the Entity List and particular entries



Requests for Removal – Inquiries

- What is the process for submitting requests?
 - See 744.16(e)
- What information should be included in requests?
 - "...including reasons therefor..." (744.16(e))
- Where is my request for removal?
 - BIS review no time limit
 - ERC review 30 day review period
- My request was denied: can I submit another?
 - No limit on number of requests that may be submitted



Name Matches – Inquiries

- I have matched an individual to a name on the Entity List can BIS determine if he/she is on the Entity List?
 - Obtain additional information on the individual (e.g., employment history) or company (business registration)
 - Options for contacting BIS:
 - Contact BIS / ERC: ERC@BIS.DOC.GOV, 202-482-5911
 - Submit an Advisory Opinion request: § 748.3(c)



License Requirements / License Review Policies – Inquiries

- Do I need to apply for a license for EAR99 items?
 - Yes, if license requirement states "all items subject to the FAR"
 - Note: License Review Policy for EAR99 items may differ from CCL items
- Do I need to apply for a license if the export only involves technology, not commodities?
 - Yes, "all items subject to the EAR" includes: commodities, software, technology (§ 772.1)



License Requirements / License Review Policies – Inquiries

- The license review policy is "Presumption of Denial" – what are the chances my license is approved?
 - Depends on a number of factors, including the item, end-use and end-user
 - <u>ALL</u> license applications are reviewed in accordance with established license review procedures



Subsidiaries and Affiliates – Inquiries

- How can I determine if a subsidiary is "legally-distinct" from a listed entity?
 - Conduct additional due diligence!
- Can BIS assist in determining if Entity List requirements apply to a subsidiary of a listed entity?
 - BIS cannot conduct due diligence
 - Contact ERC a subsidiary may be known to BIS
 - Submit an Advisory Opinion request: §748.3(c)



Universities – Inquiries

- May I allow a professor or student from a listed university to visit my company/university?
 - Entity List requirements would not prohibit a visit but may trigger a license requirement as follows:
 - Determine if an "export" would occur
 - Determine if the visiting person is an integral part of the university
 - Integral Parts license required.
 - Students likely not an integral part; treat exports to students as shipment to their country of origin
 - * Treat as Red Flag exercise additional due diligence!



Universities – Inquiries

- Are hospitals affiliated with a listed university included in the Entity List?
 - Review the relationship the same as would be done for a subsidiary/affiliate – is it legally-distinct?
 - BIS may already have reviewed certain hospitals to determine relationship – contact ERC if unsure



The Unverified List (UVL) – Effect

- Listed entities may not receive items by means of a license exception (i.e., "general license")
 - In certain cases, this means an individual license will be required
- Listed entities must sign a statement prior to receiving items not subject to a license requirement confirming:
 - The end use, end user, and destination of the items
 - Intent to comply with export and reexport controls
 - Intent to cooperate with an end-use check



UVL – Addition Process

- BIS adds foreign parties to the UVL when an enduse check could not be completed for reasons outside the U.S. government's control:
 - The foreign party could not be located/contacted
 - The foreign party could not provide disposition information for U.S.-origin items
 - i.e., produce the item for inspection or provide resale documentation
 - Lack of host government cooperation prevents the check from being conducted



UVL – Removal Process

- Requests for removal are submitted to BIS's Office of Enforcement Analysis
- Requests should include information confirming the bona fides of the party and the disposition of any items received from the U.S.
- Removal decisions are made by the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Export Enforcement



Part 744: End-Use and End-User Controls

Nonproliferation "Catch-All" Controls

- 744.2: Unsafeguarded Nuclear/Nuclear Explosive Activities
- 744.3: Rocket Systems (including missiles and UAVs)
- 744.4: Chemical and Biological Weapons

Other End-Use and End-User Controls

- 744.5: Maritime Nuclear Propulsion
- 744.17: Microprocessor military end-use/end-user control
- 744.21: Military end-use/end-user controls



Nuclear Catch-All (744.2)

- A license is required to export/reexport ANY item if you know or are informed by BIS the item may be used in:
 - Nuclear explosive activities (required by NSG Guidelines)
 - Certain unsafeguarded nuclear activities
 - Certain fuel cycle activities whether or not subject to IAEA safeguards



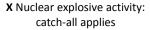








X Safeguarded fuel cycle facility: catch-all applies



reactor: catch-all applies





ANNUAL CONFERENCE ON EXPORT CONTROLS

Missile Catch-All (744.3)

- A license is required to export or reexport ANY item if you know the item may be used in missiles or UAVs:
 - a) Capable of WMD delivery (MTCR required)(EAR exempts France/UK)
 - b) With a range ≥ 300km in D:4 countries
 - c) Missiles/UAVs of indeterminate capability (D:4 countries)
- BIS may impose a license requirement based on a) & b)









X Ballistic missile

X Unknown UAV

X Cruise missile



D:4 Countries/Territories

- Bahrain
- China
- Egypt
- Iran
- Iraq
- Israel
- Jordan

- DPRK
- Kuwait
- Lebanon
- Libya
- Macau
- Oman
- Pakistan

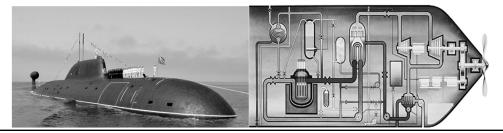
- Qatar
- Saudi Arabia
- Syria
- UAE
- Venezuela
- Yemen



Maritime Nuclear Propulsion (744.5)

A license is required to export or reexport <u>technology not</u> <u>otherwise subject to a license requirement</u> if you <u>know</u> the technology may be used in:

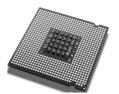
- Maritime nuclear propulsion plants
- Land prototypes of such plants
- Facilities for the construction/support/maintenance of such plants





Microprocessors for Military Applications (744.17)

- If you know or are informed by BIS of a risk of diversion to a military end use or end user, a license is required to export or reexport to a D:1 country the following microprocessors:
 - Processing speed ≥ 5 GFLOPS; access width ≥ 32 bit, e.g.:
 - 3A991.a.1
 - 5A001.a
- License exception ENC does not apply!
- Licensing policy: presumption of denial





D:1 Countries/Territories

- Armenia
- Azerbaijan
- Belarus
- Cambodia
- China
- Georgia
- Iraq

- Kazakhstan
- North Korea
- Kyrgyzstan
- Laos
- Libya
- Macau
- Moldova
- Mongolia

- Russia
- Tajikistan
- Turkmenistan
- Ukraine
- Uzbekistan
- Venezuela
- Vietnam



Military End Use/User Control: China, Russia, Venezuela (744.21)

- A license is required to export or reexport to **China** <u>32 ECCNs*</u> if you <u>know</u> or <u>are</u> informed by BIS the item may be used for:
 - A military end use (i.e., weapon system/defense article)
- A license is required to export or reexport to Russia or Venezuela <u>32 ECCNs*</u> if you know or are informed by BIS the item may be used:
 - For a military end use
 - By a military end user (e.g., armed services, national guard/police, or intelligence organizations)
- Denial policy for material contribution that advances country's military capability

* Most MEU controls only apply to specific ECCN subparagraphs





Questions?