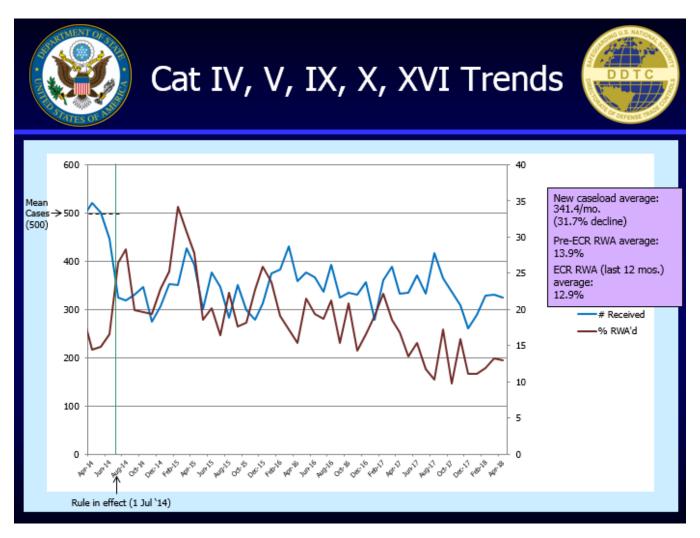
License Applications and U.S. Exports

The Third USML to CCL Regulatory Change Missiles and Explosives

July 1, 2014 to March 31, 2018

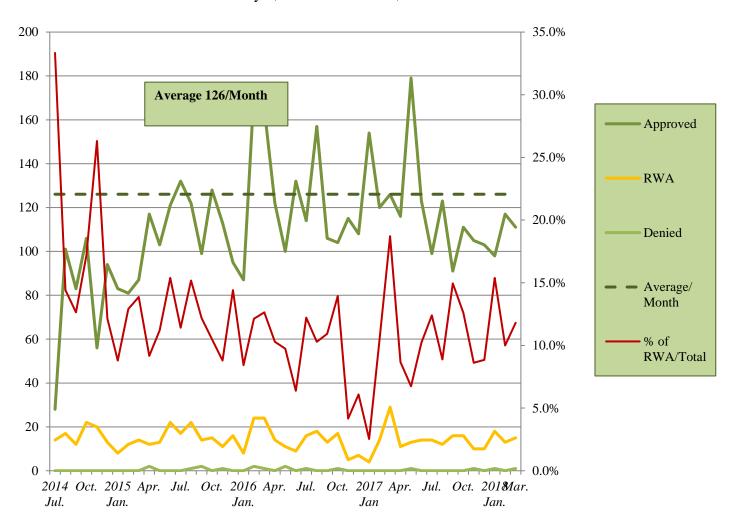
The license applications for items in categories IV (Missiles), V (Explosives), IX (Military Training Equipment), X (Protective Personnel Equipment) and XVI (Nuclear Weapons Design and Test Equipment) of the United States Munitions List (USML) have declined 31.7% from an average of 500 to 341 per month through March 31, 2018. The average monthly drop of 159 in license applications is the result of certain items transitioning to the Commerce Control List (CCL).



Source: The Directorate of Defense Trade Controls of the U.S. Department of State, June 5, 2018

Since the third USML to CCL regulatory change became effective on July 1, 2014, the average number of BIS license applications for the twenty 600-Series items created by this rule is 126 per month through March 31, 2018. The approval rate is 88.3%.

BIS License Applications for the Third USML to CCL Regulatory Change July 1, 2014 to March 31, 2018



Source: Commerce U.S. Exports Exporter Support System, June 5, 2018

From July 1, 2014 to March 31, 2018, U.S. exports of items in the third USML to CCL regulatory change – Missiles and Explosives items (0y604, 0y614, 1y608 and 1y613) under BIS jurisdiction totaled 18,265 shipments for \$1.1 billion.

U.S. Exports under the Third USML to CCL Regulatory Change under BIS Jurisdiction

July 1, 2014 to March 31, 2018 \$million



Source: Automated Export System, June 15, 2018

U.S. Quarterly Exports under the Third USML to CCL Regulatory Change under BIS Jurisdiction

July 1, 2014 to March 31, 2018 \$million



Source: Automated Export System, June 15, 2018

The Third USML to CCL Regulatory Change-Missiles and Explosives Top 15 Destinations of U.S. Exports under BIS Jurisdiction by Value

July 1, 2014 to March 31, 2018

July 1, 2014 to Match 31, 2016				
		% of Total	Value	
Country	Shipment Count	Shipment Count	\$million	% of Total Value
Japan	1,587	8.7%	\$190.1	17.5%
United Kingdom	2,514	13.8%	\$139.3	12.8%
Mexico	2,277	12.5%	\$105.9	9.7%
Australia	645	3.5%	\$83.0	7.6%
Israel	846	4.6%	\$66.2	6.1%
Germany	1,512	8.3%	\$62.5	5.7%
Turkey	205	1.1%	\$61.4	5.6%
United Arab Emirates	225	1.2%	\$61.1	5.6%
Saudi Arabia	248	1.4%	\$41.8	3.8%
South Korea	472	2.6%	\$41.2	3.8%
Canada	1,869	10.2%	\$31.6	2.9%
Netherlands	251	1.4%	\$18.2	1.7%
Italy	181	1.0%	\$16.7	1.5%
Greece	177	1.0%	\$16.2	1.5%
Belgium	50	0.3%	\$14.0	1.3%
Top 15 Total	13,059		\$949.3	
Top 15 Total/				
Grand Total		71.5%		87.1%
Grand Total	18,265		\$1,089.4	

Of the \$1.1 billion of U.S. exports of 600-series items in the third USML to CCL regulatory change under BIS jurisdiction from July 1, 2014 to March 31, 2018, licensed exports totaled \$658.7 million (60.5% of the total); Strategic Trade Authorization (STA) totaled \$153.9 million (14.1%); and Temporary imports, exports, reexports, and transfers (in-country) (TMP) totaled \$97.0 million (8.9%).

U.S. Exports under the Third USML to CCL Regulatory Change Missiles and Explosives by BIS License Type July 1, 2014 to March 31, 2018 \$million NLR .y 600-Series, RPL \$27.9, 2.6% Other License \$27.9, 2.6% Exceptions, \$1.4, 0.1% NLR to Canada, Licensed \$30.6, 2.8% ■ STA GOV. \$92.0, 8.4% TMP GOV TMP, \$97.0, 8.9%. ■NLR to Canada Licensed, NLR .y 600-Series \$658.7,60.5% ■ RPL STA, \$153.9, 14.1%. Other License Exceptions

Source: Automated Export System, June 15, 2018

BIS License Exceptions:

STA: Strategic Trade Authorization

TMP: Temporary imports, exports, reexports, and transfers (in-country)

GOV: Governments, international organizations, international inspections under the Chemical

Weapons Convention and the International Space Station

NLR: No License Required

RPL: Servicing and replacement of parts and equipment